

# Esperance

## national parks

Peak Charles, Cape Le Grand and Stokes



Visitor guide



Department of **Biodiversity,  
Conservation and Attractions**



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# Parks of Esperance

Wild coastal scenery, rugged granite peaks and sweeping heathlands characterise the national parks of the Esperance area.

Cape Le Grand National Park, 50km east of Esperance by sealed road, features attractive bays with wide sandy beaches set between rocky headlands. Inland, the park protects an undulating heath-covered sandplain interspersed with swamps and freshwater pools. In the south-west corner of the park, massive rock outcrops of granite and gneiss form an impressive chain of peaks including Mt Le Grand (345m), Frenchman Peak (262m) and Mississippi Hill (180m).

Stokes National Park, 80km west of Esperance, encompasses Stokes Inlet and features long beaches and rocky headlands backed by sand dunes and low hills. The inlet and associated lakes support a variety of wildlife.

One hundred kilometres inland from Stokes is Peak Charles National Park. This ancient granite peak and its companion, Peak Eleanor, are a key gateway to the Great Western Woodlands and provide sweeping views over sandplain heaths and salt lake systems. There are limited visitor facilities in this wild area, so be prepared and carry your own water.

## Bushwalking

### Stokes National Park

#### **Stokes Inlet Trail – Class 2, 3.8km, 1.5 hours**

On-site plaques describe changes to the inlet environment. The path gives magnificent views of the inlet and surrounds.

### Cape Le Grand

#### **Frenchman Peak – Class 4, 3km return, 1.5 hours**

A track leads from the car park, up the east slope of the peak, and includes steep sections of granite that are slippery when wet. The summit features great views over the park.

#### **Coastal Trail one way – 17km**

The Coastal Trail is a spectacular but hard walk trail from Rossiter Bay to Le Grand Beach via Lucky Bay, Thistle Cove and Hellfire Bay with excellent coastal views.

This trail is ideally a multiple day walk, taking approximately two days, however it can be done in about eight hours. Always carry drinking water with you.

Starting at Rossiter Beach and finishing at Le Grand Beach car park, the trail has additional access points at Lucky Bay, Thistle Cove and Hellfire Bay and may be broken into four shorter sections:



**Above** Lucky Bay, Cape Le Grand National Park. *Photo – Tourism WA*

### **Rossiter Bay to Lucky Bay – Class 3, 2-3 hours**

Rossiter Bay, a long beach, is one end of the walk. Over the first ridge, the vast expanses of Lucky Bay unfold below. The bright white sand is so fine, it squeaks when you walk.

### **Lucky Bay to Thistle Cove – Class 3, 1 hour**

The easiest part of the walk, with spectacular views in every direction including out to sea to the Recherche Archipelago. A campground is at Lucky Bay.

### **Thistle Cove to Hellfire Bay – Class 4, 2 hours**

From Thistle Cove the trail is mostly granite which becomes dangerously slippery when wet. On approach to the isolated Little Hellfire Bay beach, you are beckoned for a swim by this extraordinary panorama.

### **Hellfire Bay to Le Grand Beach – Class 4, 3 hours**

The hardest part of the trail, taking walkers up and downhill - often at awkward angles. Another campground awaits.

## **Peak Charles National Park**

Peak Charles differs from other rock outcrops in the region in size, height and steepness. The trail to the summit consists of three sections.

Choose your section based on your fitness level, equipment and weather conditions.

### **Mushroom Rock - Class 3.6km return, height 295m, 45 minutes**

Moderate incline, rough surfaces, very slippery when wet. The start of the trail is well defined with no markers, passing through open woodland and mildly undulating terrain with loose rocks, to exposed rock at the base of Peak Charles. From here the trail is marked by white-tipped poles.

Some high stepping onto rocks is required. This section of the trail ends at Mushroom Rock.

### **Central Ridge - Class 4, 2.2km return, height 460m, 2 hours**

Steep incline, rough, unstable surfaces. Very slippery when wet. Strong winds.



### **Peak Charles Summit - 3.4km return, height 651m, 3 hours**

This section exceeds the Class 5 walktrail classification as it requires frequent rock scrambling. It has a very steep, exposed incline, rough surfaces, and can be very slippery when wet. Winds are often strong.

You must be able to lift your own weight and use foot and hand placement in crevices to pull yourself up. There are no markers and you must be able to find and assess appropriate hand and foot holds. The descent requires crab crawling on your hands and feet with your back to the rock and sliding down short steep sections.

## Trail classifications



**Class 2** Easy, well defined trail with a firm surface.

You may encounter gentle hill sections and occasional steps. It is suitable for all levels of experience and fitness but may present difficulties for people with mobility impairments.



**Class 3** Moderate trail with clear directional signage.

You may encounter minor natural hazards such as short, steep sections, steps, shallow water crossings, and unstable or slippery surfaces. A good level of fitness is recommended.



**Class 4** Limited directional signage and difficult sections.

You may encounter natural hazards such as long steep sections, water crossings, and unstable or slippery surfaces. A good level of fitness and bushwalking experience is recommended.



**Class 5** No directional signage and very difficult sections. You may encounter natural hazards such as long, steep sections and climbs, water crossings, and frequent unstable or slippery surfaces. Only very fit and experienced bushwalkers should attempt.

# Things to see and do

Facilities such as toilets, gas barbecues, tables and rubbish bins are provided at places shown on the maps. Information shelters on site will tell you more about these national parks.

## Camping

Two campgrounds are situated in Cape Le Grand National Park; one at Lucky Bay and the other at Le Grand Beach (see map). Facilities include flushing toilets, showers and sheltered barbecue areas. No fires are permitted at any time. Free gas barbecues are provided. Campsites must be booked online at [parkstay.dbca.wa.gov.au](http://parkstay.dbca.wa.gov.au)

At Stokes National Park the main campground is located on the shores of the inlet. Please bring sufficient fresh water as there are no available water supplies in the park. Basic bush toilets are provided. Camping fees apply.

Peak Charles National Park has a small campground with nine separate sites suitable for camper trailers at the base of Peak Charles massif with a toilet and shade shelter. There is no fresh water so make sure you are totally self-sufficient.

## Boating

In Cape Le Grand National Park, boats are best launched at Lucky Bay. Small boats can also be launched from Le Grand Beach. Launching at Rossiter Bay is not recommended. These beaches are notoriously treacherous for vehicles and it is easy to become bogged in the most innocent-looking wet or dry sand. Always check beach surface conditions and tides.

Stokes Inlet is also popular for boating and canoeing, and it is possible to launch small boats. However, the capacity of the inlet for sailing is limited. Although the area of water looks large, there are extensive areas of shallows and rocks.

**Below** Peak Charles. *Photo – DBCA*





**Above** Looking west over Lucky Bay. *Photo – Klaus Tiedemann/DBC*

## Fishing

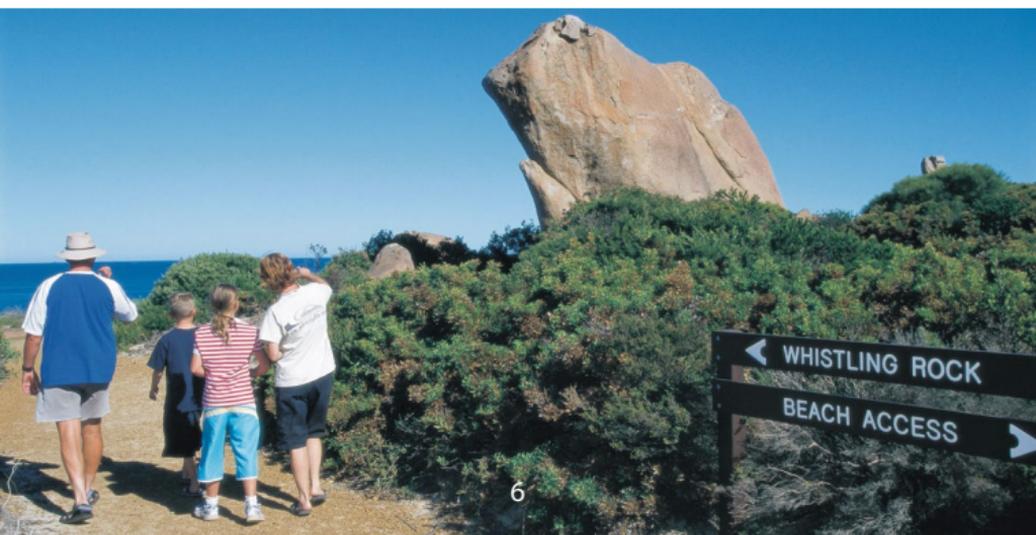
Fishing is popular at both Cape Le Grand and Stokes national parks. Many species can be caught, including Australian salmon, whiting and black bream. Normal fisheries regulations apply in national parks. Please visit [fish.wa.gov.au](http://fish.wa.gov.au).

Learn about fishing safety at [fishandsurvive.com.au](http://fishandsurvive.com.au).

## Park passes

Park entry fees apply in Cape Le Grand and Stokes national parks. Passes can be obtained at the parks, from the Parks and Wildlife Service office in Esperance or online at [shop.dbca.wa.gov.au](http://shop.dbca.wa.gov.au).

**Below** Path to Whistling Rock in Cape Le Grand National Park.  
*Photo – Tourism WA*



# Remember



**Plan ahead and prepare** Your safety in natural areas is our concern, but your responsibility.

**Travel and camp on durable surfaces** Stay on paths and help prevent erosion. Follow signs and stay on roads marked in this brochure. Normal road rules apply.

**Dispose of waste properly** Put your litter in bins or, better still, take it with you.

**Leave what you find** such as rocks, plants and other natural objects.

**Minimise campfire impacts** fires are not permitted, except at Peak Charles during the cooler months. Firewood is not to be sourced within the parks. Free gas barbecues are provided at Cape Le Grand and Stokes national parks.

**Respect wildlife** Firearms and pets are not permitted within these national parks.

**Be considerate of your hosts and other visitors.**



**Above** Coastal walking trail, Cape Le Grand National Park. *Photo – Tourism WA*

## Dieback – Help stop the rot

*Phytophthora* dieback is a plant disease caused by a waterborne mould. The mould is microscopic and lives in the soil. Plants die when the mould attacks their roots, because the roots rot and cannot take up water or nutrients.

Vehicles may spread this pathogen, so it is essential to keep to formed roads and follow road signs in conservation reserves. By keeping out of closed areas you will help preserve the beauty of these magnificent national parks.

Bushwalkers can help by cleaning mud and soil from their boots before entering a park or reserve.



**Above** Shoal Cape in Stokes National Park. Photo – Klaus Tiedemann/DBCA

## The environment

The Esperance region's national parks and nature reserves form a network of conservation areas protecting native plant communities and landscapes.

At Cape Le Grand, the peaks of the park's south-west corner are formed from massive outcrops of Precambrian granite and gneiss, exposed by erosion and movements in the Earth's crust during the past 600 million years. Caves and tunnels found in the peaks are thought to have been formed or enlarged by wave action and underwater currents 40 million years ago, when sea levels were 300m higher than now.

Sandplains cover much of the park and support a variety of plant and animal life including *Banksia speciosa* and *pulchella*. These are a source of nectar and insects for the tiny honey possum, while after dark the quenda forages for grubs and worms.

Stokes National Park protects the wildlife habitats of Stokes Inlet and surrounding heathland and lake systems. Yate, swamp yate, and paperbark form dense low forests, supporting a variety of waterbirds. Keep a wary eye open for tiger snakes when walking in the wetlands. In autumn look for the magnificent yellow flowers of the bell-fruited mallee, *Eucalyptus preissiana*.

Peak Charles National Park protects a pristine area of dry woodlands, sandplain heaths and salt lake vegetation, in the middle of which rise Peak Charles (651m) and Peak Eleanora.

**Below** Granite landscape taken from Frenchman Peak.  
Photo – Klaus Tiedemann/DBCA



# More Information

Department of Biodiversity, Conservation and Attractions

## Cape Le Grand National Park

Ph: (08) 9075 9072

## Stokes National Park

Ph: (08) 9076 8541

## Peak Charles National Park

Ph: (08) 9083 2100

## Esperance District Office

92 Dempster St, Esperance WA 6450

Ph: (08) 9083 2100

## South Coast Regional Office

Ph: (08) 9842 4500

## State Headquarters

Ph: (08) 9219 9000

[dbca.wa.gov.au](http://dbca.wa.gov.au)



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app that  
could save  
your life



[emergencyplus.com.au](http://emergencyplus.com.au)

Download the free Emergency+ app before your visit. Use the app in an emergency to call for assistance. If there is no mobile phone coverage you **WILL NOT** be able to call **000** but the app will provide you with your GPS location.

Check for alerts and updates directly related to parks and major trails at [alerts.dbca.wa.gov.au](http://alerts.dbca.wa.gov.au) and for all emergency information in Western Australia at [emergency.wa.gov.au](http://emergency.wa.gov.au).

Find more park visitor information, book campsites and share your experiences at [exploreparks.dbca.wa.gov.au](http://exploreparks.dbca.wa.gov.au).

[@waparkswildlife](https://twitter.com/waparkswildlife)



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Front cover Frenchman Peak, Cape Le Grand National Park.  
Photo — Tourism WA

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